Spring 1

Theme: Pirates

Theme	Prior Knowledge (Linked to aged 3-4 years and Reception) experiences in Autumn 1 and 2	Activities	Links to the Early Years Foundation Stage Curriculum	Key Vocabulary	What I want the children to remember (Reception Statements)	Possible links to the NC
What is a pirate? What does a pirate do? What things do pirates need?	Comprehension-listening to stories Engages in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary. LA&U Enjoys listening to longer stories and can remember much of what happens <u>Writing</u> Is able to spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s and moving onto short captions and sentences. <u>Creating with materials</u> Previous experiences of using paints to paint a portrait of themselves in Autumn 1	Focus teaching / group activities *Listening to stories about Pirate Pete *Discuss why a pirate needs a ship and other things pirates might need. *Paint a picture of a pirate and write a speech bubble for what the pirate would say *Introduce and explore words to describe pirates and how they live – e.g. ahoy there, land ahoy, scrub the decks etc *Sing as a group with actions – A pirate went to sea, sea, sea. Continuous provision activities *Write about what a pirate needs *Make a pirate patch and pirate hat (cutting and joinging) *Make pirate paper plate faces (cutting and joining) *Pop up pirate games *Create an obstacle course for the pirate to go through *Small world – pirate themed Song to learn: A pirate went to sea, sea, sea. Stories: Pirate Pete and his parrot	 Specific curriculum links Comprehension Demonstrates an understanding about what has been read to them. Speaking Is able to articulate ideas and thoughts in well formed sentences (talking about they have learned about what pirate needs) L, A & U Learns new vocabulary Engages in story times Listens to and talks about stories to build familiarity and understanding Listens carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound Learns rhymes, songs Being imaginative and Expressive: Sings in a group- increasing matching the pitch and following a melody Creating with materials Is able to return to and build on his/her previous learning of painting a portrait refining ideas using thin paintbrushes. 	Pirate Ship Pirate phrases e.g. – land ahoy, scrub the deck, hoist the sail	 *To know what a pirate needs – ship, telescope, hat, patch *To join in with a class performance of a Pirate went to sea, sea, sea *How to use small paintbrushes to paint within the lines. *To think carefully about detail when painting a portrait. 	Art: Painting a portrait using thin paintbrushes Design Technology Make an eye patch. Make a pirate hat following step by step instructions Music: Learning a pirate song and performing as a group. Writing; Write a short caption for what a pirate would say P.E Build an obstacle course for a pirate to go through, over, under, round, in and out

If I were a pirate	 LA&U Enjoys listening to longer stories and can remember much of what happens (Stories/text We're going on a Bear Hunt) Rhymes/songs that children have learnt in Autumn 1 and 2 Dances: Actions added to a bonfire song (Autumn 2 week 1) Writing Is able to spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s and moving onto short captions and sentences. The Natural World Compared own environment to The Arctic / Antarctic (Autumn 2) 	Focus teaching / group activities Children to imagine they are a pirate. What would they do? How would they behave? How would they dress? How would they speak? Read the story We're going on a treasure hunt - Look at a desert island – what would it be like? How is it the same/ different to Bromsgrove? How is it comparable to the Arctic / Antarctic? *Teacher focus- Writing If I were a pirate I would Stories: Were going on a treasure hunt The Troll by Julia Donaldson Songs to learn: If you want to be a pirate Continuous Provision activities: *Draw and label a treasure map *What can you see through a telescope? *make a treasure map using cold tea bags to make it old. *Draw a route on a treasure map using positional language *Make a paper cup parrot (junk modelling/ joining *Drawting atting a tille to make a	Understanding the world Recognises that some environments are different to the one where they live People, cultures and communities Is able to draw information from a simple map Comprehension Demonstrates an understanding about what has been read to them. Speaking Is able to articulate ideas and thoughts in well -formed sentences (talking about own experiences/ Explaining their understanding about what has been read to them) Learns new vocabulary Engages story times Listens to and talks about stories to build familiarity and understanding Listens carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound Learns rhymes	Cold Hot Busy Roads Town Palm trees (words to describe locations) Positional words – over, under, through, across Pirate phrases from week before	*To compare Bromsgrove with a desert island and Arctic / Antarctic *To know how pirates dress, speak, behave and what jobs they do. *How to draw simple map for others to follow.	Design & technology Make a parrot. Make a treasure map English: Talk about differences between going on a bear hunt and We're going on a treasure hunt. Geography: Comparing environment s to the one where they live Mapping skills <u>Maths:</u> Positional language
		 *make a treasure map using cold tea bags to make it old. *Draw a route on a treasure map using positional language *Make a paper cup parrot (junk modelling/ joining *Practise cutting skills to make a 	familiarity and understanding Listens carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound Learns rhymes <u>Creating with materials</u>			<u>Maths:</u> Positional language
		pirate picture *make a pirate island using construction *Make a collage picture of a pirate island (Kapow Art- Painting and Mixed media- Paint my world – Landscape collage)	Safely uses and explores a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function (ELG) Shares his/her creations, explaining the process he/she has used (ELG)			<u>Art:</u> Collage

Floating and sinking Waterpr oof materials	The Natural WorldExperiences when playingwith water toys in theoutside area and at homeor nursery.Experiences of playingwith different materialsand learning names atnursery and at home.The Three little pigs – talkabout materials the pigsused and which oneswould be the best andwhy (Autumn 1)Being imaginative andexpressiveSongs previously practicedand performed (Nurseryrhymes / Bonfire song)SpeakingOffering explanations as towhat might happen andwhy (Autumn 1 and 2)	Focus teaching/ group activities *Science investigations: Investigate which objects float and sink and why. (Kapow Design Technology- Boats) *Make predictions and say why they think it will happen. *Make predictions about which material will be the most waterproof and why. Kapow Design Technology- Boats) Stories: A pirating we'll go Song to learn: Recap songs form previous two weeks and learn a new one: The big ship sails on the alley, alley, oh Continuous provision *Floating and sinking investigations *Iabelling a pirate *Make a junk treasure chest or telescope *Beebots – input directions around the treasure map *Ipads – paint a picture of a pirate *Role-play – pirate ship and costumes	The natural world Explores the natural world around him/her Understands some important processes and changes in the natural world around him/her, including the seasons and changing states of matter (ELG) Speaking *Asks questions to find out more and to check he/she understands what has been said to him/her *Is able to articulate his/her ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences *Uses talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities, explaining how things work and why things might happen Comprehension *Demonstrates an understanding about what has been read to them. L,A & U *Learns new vocabulary *Engages in story times	Float Sink Waterproof Material – wood, plastic, glass, rubber, metal	*To know which materials will float and sink and can name some of the materials. To remember this when they plan to make a pirate ship the following week. *To know which materials would make the best sail because they are waterproof.	Science: Floating and sinking Waterproofi ng ICT: Beebots and Ipads Music: Singing D&T: Make a telescope or treasure chest using junk materials
Pirate ships	Speaking: Lots of opportunities to say why things happen and how things work. Using connectives to join ideas. Speaking in full sentences .	Focus teaching/ group activities *Can you name any parts of the pirate ship? Watch clips *Follow step by step for drawing a pirate ship *Label the parts of a pirate ship *Design a pirate ship to float on the forest school pond.		Pirate ship parts – porthole, sail, mast, crows nest Float Sink	 *How to draw a pirate ship. *Which materials were best to make a pirate ship and why. *Joining techniques – gluing, taping, folding and which ones are the best for the type of 	D&T: Design and make a ship Evaluate it when it floats on the pond
	Being imaginative and expressive	Use investigations from previous week to influence the design and materials used.	Creating with materials	Waterproof Strong	activity.	<u>Art</u> :

	Songs previously practiced and performed (Nursery rhymes / Bonfire song)	*Make a pirate ship using junk materials. Think about how to make it strong, waterproof, able to float. (Kapow Design Technology- Boats) *Float boats on the pond and see	Safely uses and explores a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function (ELG) *Shares his/her creations, explaining the			Draw a pirate ship using step by step instructions
	Experiences of playing with water toys. Those that float and sink and what they are made from (previous week and	whose was the strongest. <u>Stories : Port side pirates</u> <u>Songs to learn: If you want to be a</u>	process he/she has used (ELG) <u>The Natural World</u> *Understands some important processes and changes in the natural world around			<u>Music</u> : Sing a song as a group
	nursery)	pirate Continuous provision *Label a pirate ship *Write a message in a bottle	him/her, including the seasons and changing states of matter (ELG) *Explores the natural world around him/her			Science: use results from investigation to design
		*make a boat out of gummed paper, name the shapes you have used. *Use 2D shapes to design a boat *Design a flag for the ship *Beebots	*Learns new vocabulary and uses it through the day. *Engages in story times *Listens to and talks about stories to build familiarity			and make a pirate ship <u>ICT</u> : Beebots and Ipads
		*Ipads – pirate pairs *Role-play and costumes	*Engages in non- fiction texts *Listens to and talks about non fiction to develop deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabularly (Rec)			Maths: name and describe 2D
			Speaking *Is able to articulate ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences *Can connect one idea to another using a range of connectives *Can talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities, explaining how things work and why things might happen			shapes
Chinese New Year	People, culture & <u>communities:</u> *Celebrations (autumn 2) Recognises that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways: Diwali Remembrance day Bonfire Night	Focus teaching/ group activities *Locate China on Google Earth *Locate UK on Google Earth *Look at China on Map of the world *Identify landmarks – Great wall of China, Mount Everest *Look at how people celebrate Chinese New Year *Watch Dragon and Lion Dance from Chinese New Year		China Chinese New Year Instrument	 *To know how people celebrate Chinese New Year *To know how to make an instrument out of junk modelling materials *To play instruments with quiet, loud, rhythmic sounds 	Music: Playing and making instruments. Responding to Dragon and Lion dance and saying what they

Christmas	*Talk about the performances			liked/dislike
Christmas	*To perform a dragon dance in a			d.
*Draw information from		Creating with materials		u.
map – Google Earth to	*Make instruments for Dragon	*Safely uses and explores a variety of		Geography:
identify where	Dance (junk)	materials, tools and techniques,		Locating
Bromsgrove is, and the		experimenting with colour, design, texture,		China on a
Arctic and Antarctic.	Dance in a group	form and function (ELG)		
(Autumn 2)	Dance in a group	*Shares his/her creations, explaining the		map and some
(Autumn 2)	Focus: Make music and perform a	process he/she has used (ELG)		landmarks
Being imaginative and	dragon dance			lanumarks
expressive		Being imaginative and expressive:		<u>R.E:</u>
*Songs previously	<u>Stories –</u> Zodiac story (Chinese New	*Explores and engages in music making and		Recognising
practiced and performe		dance, performing solo or in groups.		different
(Nursery rhymes / Bonf		* Watches and talks about dance and		beliefs and
song)	Songs to learn: Chinese New Year	performance art, expressing his/her feelings		festivals
50hg/	Song (tune of Frere Jacques)	and responses		restivais
*Practised playing a	song (tune of frere sucques)	* Listens attentively, moves to and talks		D&T:
variety of instruments	Continuous provision	about music, expressing his/her feelings and		Making
(Aut1 and 2)	*Writing about Chinese New Year	responses		instruments
	*Make a paper lantern (cutting and			out of junk
	joining)	People, culture & communities:		modelling
	*Make a paper dragon	*Is able to draw information from a simple		modeling
	Kapow Craft and Design- Lets get	map		History:
	Crafty- paper snakes (dragons)	*Recognises that people have different		Look at the
	ciarty paper sitakes (dragons)	beliefs and celebrate special times in		history of
	* Make an instrument using junk	different ways		the Zodiac
	materials	*Knows some similarities and differences		through
	*Make a shape dragon, name the 2D	between different religious and cultural		stories
	shapes	communities in this country, drawing on		stories
	Shapes	his/her experiences and what has been read		Art: Folding
		in class (ELG)		techniques
		*Is able to explain some similarities and		teeninques
		differences between life in this country and		
		life in other countries, drawing on		
		knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts		
		and, when appropriate, maps (ELG)		
		L, A & U		
		Learns new vocabulary and uses it through		
		the day.		
		Engages in non- fiction texts		
		Listens to and talks about non fiction to		
		develop deep familiarity with new		
		knowledge and vocabulary (Rec)		

Valentin es Day Pirates in the past	People, culture & communities: *Celebrations (autumn 2) Recognises that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways: Diwali Remembrance day Bonfire Night	Focus teaching and group activities *What do you like/dislike about pirates? *Talk about real pirates – Anne Bonny, compare to characters in stories *Watch own pirate dance performance and discuss the performance, do you like it, why? Did you like the music?	Speaking Is able to articulate ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences Can connect one idea to another using a range of connectives	Valentine's Day Anne Bonny Past	*Remember Anne Bonny was a pirate *Remember what they enjoyed about performing a pirate dance and why	Religious Education: Saint Valentine's English: Non fiction – Anne Bonny Art:
	Christmas	*Use instruments to accompany the song – I'm a pirate.				Kandinsky collgae
	Past and present Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the	Stories: Polly Parrot picks a pirate Songs to learn: I'm a pirate.	Paing imaginative and expressive			Design Technology Porthole
	night, Diwali)	Continuous provision activities: *Write a pirate booklet to show everything you have learned about pirates.	Being imaginative and expressive: *Explores and engages in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups. * Watches and talks about dance and performance art, expressing his/her feelings			paper plates Joining materials
	Lots of opportunities to say why things happen and how things work.	* <mark>Split pin</mark> pirate (joining) *Dress your pirate, fashion parade *Paper plate portholes *Play pirate games – e.g. scrub the	and responses * Listens attentively, moves to and talks about music, expressing his/her feelings and responses			PSHE : Thinking of others, who we care for
	Using connectives to join ideas.	decks *Pirate guess who	Past and Present			and why
	Speaking in full sentences .	Valentine's Day: *Discuss the story of Saint Valentine. *How do you celebrate Valentine's day?	*Is able to compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past *Shows an understanding of the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling (ELG)			Music: Singing and performing songs, dances.
		Continuous provision activities: *Make a valentine's card *Love heart printing *Kandinsky inspired heart collage	Writing: *Can write short sentences with words with known sound-letter correspondences using a capital letter and full stop *Re-reads what he/she has written to check that it makes sense			History: Famous pirate – Anne Bonny Saint Valentine
			Creating with materials *Safely uses and explores a variety of materials, tools and techniques,			Art: Collage printing

			experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function (ELG) *Shares his/her creations, explaining the process he/she has used (ELG)			
Jigsaw	Jigsaw sessions Autumn 1 and 2 Ourselves Antibullying week	*Perseverence/ tackling challenges. *Not giving up/ achieving my goal. *Setting a goal and working towards it. *Using kind words to encourage people. *Understanding the link between learning now and jobs in the future. *Feelings when a goal is achieved and knowing what it means to feel proud.	Specific curriculm links Managing Self: *Shows resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge. *Shows resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge. *See themselves as a valuable individual. Self-Regulation: *(ELG) Can set and work towrds simple goals *Express their feelings and consider the feelings of others. Building Relationships: *Think about the perspectives of others. *Build construction and respectful relationships. People, Culture & Communities: *Shows interest in different occupations.	Vocabulary Goal Perseverance Resilience proud	What we want the children to remember *To always be kind to others and why it is important *To feel proud when they have achieved their goals	PSHE: Thinking of others, who we care for and why Value ourselves and others Be kind to others and show respect Setting goals
Nursey Rhymes	Autumn 1 and 2 Nursey Rhymes practiced	Revist the nursery rhymes that we practiced in Autumn 1 and 2 *Row Row Row your boat *Pat a cake *I'm a little teapot *Humpty Dumpty *Ring a ring a roses *Twinkle twinkle little star	Specific curriculum links L, A & U Learns new vocabulary Learns rhymes Listens carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound Being imaginative and Expressive	Rhyme Langauge within the rhymes e.g. short, stout, handle, spout, teapot, little, shout, pour	* To sing 6 nursery rhymes either solo or in a group	English: To know and perform rhymes

			Sings in a group or on their own, increasing matching the pitch and following the melody Performs songs and rhymes with others and when appropriate- tries to move in time to the music (ELG) Sings a range of well know nursery rhymes (ELG)			
Indoor	How to find a space in the	*Pirate races	Managing self - ELG	Run	To understand how to take part	P.E:
P.E:	hall. Fundamental movements-	Races: Run- fast away from another pirate	Manages his/her own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing and	Hop Skip	in a relay race waiting for their turn to race.	Gymnastics
	walk, run, hop, crawl	crew	going to the toilet and understands the	Jump	To continue to develop fluency,	
	(opposite knee to hand)	Hop- Peg leg	importance of healthy food choices (ELG)	Bunny hop	coordination and agility using	
	skip, jump (two feet to	Skip- with a yo ho ho with the buried	,	Stretch	fundamental movements (run,	
	two feet) roll (in a straight	treasure	Physical Development - Reception	balance	hop, skip, jump, bunny hop)	
	position)	Slither- to crawl away from under	Know and talk about the different factors		To use fundamental	
		traps set by other pirate crews	that		movements to travel across a	
	To move from one	Bunny hop- to build up muscles to	support their overall health and wellbeing: -		bench.	
	movement to another	be a strong pirate.	regular physical activity (Reception)		How to perform a stretch jump	
	with fluency (agility)	Jump (two feet to two feet) over the traps	Is developing overall body-strength,		on the floor and from a bench/ box top. (tuck and star for HA)	
	Developing balance		balance, co-ordination and agility		How to land safely when	
	(holding positions)	Travelling:	(Reception)		jumping on the floor and from a	
		Explore different ways to move			bench/ box top.	
	Developing coordination	across the plank (bench) – careful	Is developing the overall body strength, co-		To hold a balance (standing on	
	and body strength	not to fall in the water and be eaten	ordination, balance and agility needed to		one foot) for three seconds on	
	(skipping/ hopping/	by the sharks.	engage successfully with future PE sessions		a bench or floor spot.	
	jumping/ bunny hopping/	Talk about a safe landing when	and other physical disciplines including			
	bear walks (opposite hand to foot) rolling (in a stretch	jumping into the sea- bend knees and land on two feet.	dance, gymnastics, sport and swimming (Reception)			
	position)	*Walk along a bench (forwards/	(Reception)			
		backwards/ sideways/hopping/	Is revising and refining the fundamental			
		skipping) jump into the sea at the	movement skills he/she has already			
		end.	acquired; rolling, jumping, crawling,			
		*Slither along a bench- pull	walking, running, hopping, skipping,			
		themselves along the bench using	climbing			
		their arms to pull.	Prograss towards a more fluent style of			
		*Slither on back- using feet to push themselves along.	Progress towards a more fluent style of moving,			
		*Crab walk forwards/ backwards	with developing control and grace.			

		*Two benches with a gap in the middle. Walk along the bench having one foot on each bench. Can they have hands on one bench and feet on the other? *Can they think of any other ways to travel across the bench? *Demonstrate how to land safely when jumping from the benches (bending knees *Use benches and low box tops to practicing jumping from the plank to land in the sea. Revise safe landings: bending knees and landing on two feet. * Set up an obstacle course to show different ways of moving				
Outdoor P.E	To move from one movement to another with fluency when climbing, running between obstacles, using small and large equipment (agility) Developing balance on bikes and trikes, climbing equipment Developing coordination and body strength (skipping/ hopping/ jumping/running/climbing) Further develop ball skills that involve throwing and catching. Become more accurate when throwing a ball.	 1.Adventure: To encourage climbing, jumping, walking and managing own risks 2.Sensory: To encourage walking responsibly, jumping, climbing, hopping across stepping stones. 3.Ball skills: Develop kicking skills. 4.Bikes and Trikes - Develop movement, balance, develop overall body strength and co-ordination using large apparatus. 5.Ball skills: Is developing confidence, competence, precision and accuracy when engaging in activities that involve a ball – kicking and passing and aiming at a target. 	Fine motor skills Is increasingly independent as he/she gets dressed and undressed, e.g. putting his/her coat on and doing up zips (Nursery) <u>Managing self</u> Manages his/her own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing and going to the toilet and understands the importance of healthy food choices (ELG) <u>Physical Development</u> Know and talk about the different factors that_support their overall health and wellbeing: - regular physical activity (Reception) <u>Physical Development – Gross Motor Skills</u> (Reception) Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired: Walking, Jumping, Running, Hopping, Skipping, climbing. Confidently and safely uses a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group *Is developing overall body-strength, balance, co-ordination and agility *Combine different movements with ease and fluency.	Kick Target Pass Aim Balance dribble	Fundamental movements- To move from one movement to another with fluency when climbing, running between obstacles, using small and large equipment (agility) Developing balance on bikes and trikes, climbing equipment Developing coordination and body strength (skipping/ hopping/ jumping/running/climbing) Become more accurate when kicking and passing a ball and when kicking at a target .	P.E – ball skills

		*Is further developing and refining a range of ball skills including: kicking, passing and aiming *Is developing confidence, competence, precision and accuracy when engaging in activities that involve a ball			
Forest*The Forest School song *To move around basecamp without going in the middle *To begin to remember and explain forest school rules –, stay in Forest School area, ask to go to the toilet, how to carry sticks, managing risk when climbing trees, stay this side of the rope around the pond, using a trowel carefully, tidying away resources, keeping hands away from mouths. 	Introduction to Forest School Getting changed Forest School ethos Forest school song Introduce the Forest school area Establish boundaries and rules Look for risks Explore the Forest school area. Looking for seasonal clues Collect sticks for firewood Have a fire Stories: The Troll We're going on a Treasure hunt Who sank the boat Tool use: Trowels for digging and hiding treasure Listening basecamp games: Eye spy/ listen for what you can feel/hear What can you see Leaf whispers Sing topic related songs/ read topic related stories around basecamp. 123 Where are you? Science: Floating and sinking – float boats deigned and made on the pond. Other activities: Make a pirate ship	Forest school is holistic in nature and learning is primarily child initiated. However focus learning and the small achievable tasks and challenges are planned to encourage the following: Personal Social and Emotional Development Self- regulation Expresses feelings and considers the feelings of others Can identify and moderate own feelings Managing self Sees him/herself as a valuable individual Manages own needs around personal hygiene Shows resilience and perseverance in the face of a challenge Knows about different factors that support his/ her overall health and well being- regular physical exercise Building relationships Builds constructive and respectful relationships Thinks about the perspective of others Physical Development Gross Motor skills Revising fundamental movements- walking, jumping, running, climbing Developing overall body strength, coordination and balance Is able to combine different movements with ease and fluency Is further developing the skills he/she needs to manage the school day e.g. lining up Fine motor skills	Areas of forest school Base camp Fire pit Mud kitchen Swing Dens Stage Obstacle course Pond Seasonal / Environment Winter / spring Trees Leaves Name of any winter/ spring Weather / cold / freezing Trowel Fire spark, oxygen, water, burn, embers	 * The Natural World – Reception *Identify key changes through the seasons. *Remember the key to a successful fire. Being Imaginative and Expressive – Reception *Is able to develop storylines in pretend play Creating with materials – Reception *Makes use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories (ELG) 	Science: Seasonal changes Understandi ng what is needed to make a fire (spark, oxygen, fuel) Geography: Exploring a local environment Making maps PSHE: Managing risks and following established rules Design Technology: Tool use (Secateurs / trowel/ hand drill) P.E Moving around in outdoor

Collect sticks for a fire	Is developing small motor skills so that	environment
Draw a map of the Forest school area	he/she can use a range of tools	-
Campfire	competently, safely and confidently	fundamental
		movements-
	Mathematics	running,
	Number	jumping,
	Counts objects actions and sounds	skipping,
	Is able to subitise	hopping
	Link number symbol to cardinal number	climbing
	Understand one more than and one less	
	than	
	Explores the composition of numbers to 10	
	Numerical patterns	
	Can select, rotate and manipulate shapes to	
	develop spatial reasoning	
	Investigates composing and decomposing	
	shapes and recognises a shape can have	
	other shapes within it.	
	Continue copy and recreate patterns	
	Compare length, weight and capacity	
	Understanding the world	
	The Natural world	
	Explores the natural world around them	
	Describes what they can see, hear and feel.	
	Understands the effect of the changing	
	seasons on the natural world around them	
	Expressive Arts and Design	
	Creating with materials	
	Creates collaborate sharing ideas	
	Being Imaginative	
	Sings in a group or on his/her own,	
	increasingly matching the pitch and	
	following the melody	
	Is able to develop storylines in his/her	
	pretend play	

Reading	Word reading:	Essential Letters and Sounds	Word reading	Autumn 1 and	Word reading:	English
and			Reception	2/ Spring 1		
Writing	Read individual letters by	Intervention groups for:	Reads individual letters by saying the	grapheme	Read individual letters by saying	
	saying the sounds for		sounds for them	names.	the sounds for them.	
Children	them.	Oral blending	Is able to blend sounds into words, so that			
are			he/she can read short words made up of	Use the	Can read some letter groups	
taught to	Can read some letter	Grapheme – phoneme	known letter-sound correspondences	correct	that represent one sound and	
read and	groups that represent one	correspondence	Can read some letter groups that each	vocabulary in	say the sound for them.	
write	sound and say the sound		represent one sound and say the sounds	lessons:		
during	for them.	Blending for reading	for them		Spring 1	
daily			Can read a few common exception words	Letter		
phonics	<u>Autumn 2</u>		matched to the school's phonic programme	Sound	oo ar ur oo or ow oi ear air ure	
sessions.		Writing focuses during topic	Is able to read simple phrases and	Phoneme	er ow (oa)	
These	Y v w x y z zz qu ch sh th	sessions:	sentences made up of words with known	Grapheme		
sessions	ng nk ai ee igh oa es		letter-sound correspondences and, where	Blend	Is able to blend sounds into	
are		*Speech bubbles for pirate portrait	necessary, a few exception words	Segment	words, so that he/she can read	
taught	Is able to blend sounds	*If I were a pirate	Reads aloud simple sentences and books	Diagraph	short words made up of known	
discretel	into words, so that he/she		that are consistent with his/her phonic		letter- sound correspondences.	
y in	can read short words	*Label a pirate ship and write about	knowledge, including some common	Handwriting:		
order to	made up of known letter-	the ship you have designed.	exception words (ELG)	Patter to	Is able to read simple phrases	
build on	sound correspondences.		Can read words consistent with his/her	support	and sentences made up of	
the		*Pirate book – write all the facts you	phonic knowledge by sound-blending (ELG)	formation.	words with known letter- sound	
children'	Is able to read simple	have learned about pirates.	Is able to say a sound for each letter in the		correspondences.	
s next	phrases and sentences		alphabet and at least 10 digraphs (ELG)	Starting at the		
steps.	made up of words with			top of the	HRSW:	
	known letter- sound		Writing	letter.	Can read a few common	
	correspondences.		Reception		exception words matched to	
			Can form lower-case and capital letters	Where to start	the schools phonic programme	
	HRSW:		correctly	on the writing		
	Can read a few common		Is able to spell words by identifying the	frame.	they all are ball tall when what	
	exception words matched		sounds and then writing the sound with			
	to the schools phonic		letter/s		Writing	
	programme		Can write short sentences with words with			
			known sound-letter correspondences using		To use the handwriting patters	
	he she buses we me be		a capital letter and full stop		to form some letters correctly.	
	push was her my you		Re-reads what he/she has written to check			
			that it makes sense		To spell words by identifying	
	Writing		Spells words by identifying sounds in them		the sounds and then writing the	
			and representing the sounds with a letter		sound/s with letters	
	To use the handwriting		or letters (ELG)			
	patters to form some		Writes recognisable letters, most of which		Can write short sentences with	
	letters correctly.		are correctly formed (ELG)		words with known sound-letter	
			Writes simple phrases and sentences that		correspondence.	
			can be read by others (ELG)			

	To spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound/s with letters Can write short sentences with words with known sound-letter correspondence.					
Mathem	Autumn 2	<u>Mathematics</u>	Number		Mathematics	Maths –
atics	А		Reception	Subitise		number and
	<u>Mathematics</u>		Is able to compare numbers	More than /	To identify a range of	shape,
Children		Week 1 – Alive in 5: Steps 1-5	Can count beyond ten	fewer than	representations of 6, 7, 8, 9, 10	space and
are	To identify a range of	Week 2 – Growing 6,7,8: Steps 1-	Counts objects, actions and sounds	One more /		measures
taught	representations of 1-5	5	Is able to subitise	one less	To compare numbers 6, 7, 8, 9,	
mathem		Week 3 – Growing 6,7,8: Steps 6-	Is able to link the number symbol	Longer	10	
atics	To compare numbers 1-5.	10	(numeral) with its cardinal value.	Shorter		
during	 _	Week 4: Length / Time	Understands the one more than and one	Shortest	To say one more than and one	
daily	To say one more than and	Week 5: 9 and 10 Steps 1:4	less than relationship between consecutive	Long	less than a number 1-10 (using	
sessions.	one less than a number 1-		numbers Evaluates the composition of numbers	Longest	objects if necessary)	
These	5 (using objects if		Explores the composition of numbers Automatically recalls number bonds to 5.	Tall Taller	Pagin to ovalors the	
sessions are	necessary)		Automatically recalls number bonds to 5. Automatically recalls (without reference to	tallest	Begin to explore the composition of numbers to 10	
taught	Begin to explore the		rhymes, counting or other aids) number	full		
discretel	composition of numbers	During each session children are	bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts)	empty	Numerical Patterns	
y in	to 5 e.g. 2+1=3	encouraged to demonstrate	and some number bonds to 10, including	half full	Compare length, height of	
order to		reasoning skills and to answer in full	double facts (ELG)	nearly	objects using correct	
build on	1	<u>sentences</u>	Has a deep understanding of number to 10,	full	vocabulary (see highlighted)	
	Numerical Patterns	<u>sentences</u>				
	Numerical Patterns	sentences			(eee	
the		<u>sentences</u>	including the composition of each number	nearly empty		
	Numerical Patterns To name a circle, triangle, rectangle and square and	sentences				

Children do one Maths focus activity each week. Activities are planned for the maths table and in other areas in the continuo us provision , inside and outside, to continue to promote and embed the learning.	language to describe e.g. sides, corners, straight, curved. To uses language to describe a route e.g. past the pond, between the trees, under the branch, over the log.		Numerical patterns Reception Can compare length, weight and capacity Can compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity (ELG) Verbally counts beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system (ELG)			
Religious Educatio	Autumn 1: Unit 1 Why is the word God	<u>Unit 3:</u>	People, culture and communities Reception	Muslims, Hindus,	*To know they belong to a	<u>R.E</u>
<u>n</u>	Important to Christians?	Being special- Where do we belong	Talks about members of his/her immediate family and community	Christians, Jesus,	group	
Lessons	To know Christians,	Being special where do we belong	Understands that some places are special to	Baptism,	*To explore religious symbols	
are	believe that God created	Church visit: Special place to a	members of his/her community	Raksha,	for Christians, Muslims, and	
planned	the world.	Christen / baptism	Recognises that people have different	Welcome,	Hindu's.	
in accordan	*Christians believe that		beliefs and celebrate special times in	Love, Special,	*To know Children are special	
accordan ce to the	the Earth and everything in it belong to God.		different ways Knows some similarities and differences	Rakhi	to God	
Worcest	*Jesus told stories about		between different religious and cultural			
ershire	how much God loves them		communities in this country, drawing on		*To Know what baptism means.	

agreed	Autumn 2: Unit 2	his/her experiences and what has been read		
syllabus	Why do Christians perform	in class (ELG)		
	a nativity plays at	Recognises some similarities and		
Children	Christmas?	differences between life in this country and		
have	*To understand that	life in other countries		
1x30	Christians celebrate			
minute	Christmas to celebrate the			
RE lesson	birth of Jesus.			
each	*To recall some events of			
week	the Nativity story.			
With	*To talk about ways that			
activities	they celebrate Christmas			
planned	(or another celebration			
as part of	that they celebrate)			
continuo	*To know that not all			
us	families/ religions			
provision	celebrate Christmas			
to	Family experiences,			
continue	Experience of special			
to	occasions such as			
support	birthdays, Christmas,			
and	festivals			
embed				
learning.				

To update:

<u>Maths</u>

Notes for Continuous Provision

Week 2 – Landscape collage of pirate island

Week 4 and 5- floating and sinking – kapow theme – boats

Chinese new year- paper dragons (folding technique)